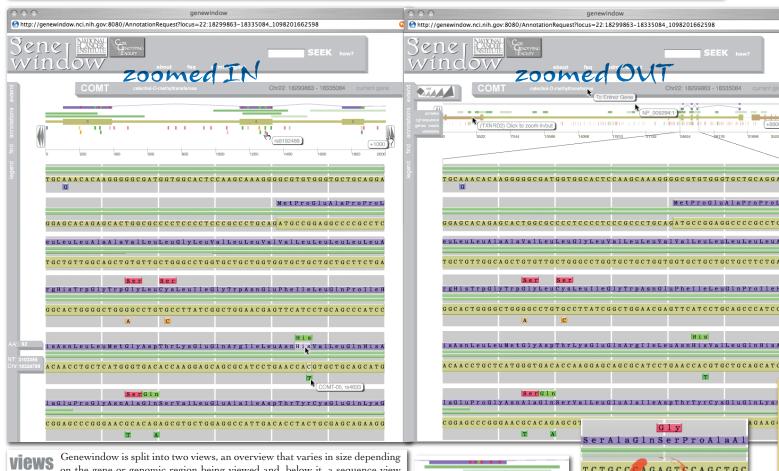
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There are many web-based genome browsers available for researchers interested in human polymorphisms, each with their own unique graphical interface and source for the annotation data. It is typically difficult for researchers, and the public at large, to use these browsers due to the complexity of the data and the limitations of current visualization techniques. A new genome browser has been developed by the Core Genotyping Facility (CGF) at the National Cancer Institute for viewing public annotations together with polymorphisms validated by the CGF. Users can graphically view human variation in genomic and proteomic contexts along with population-specific information, enabling them to make informative decisions based on the polymorphisms that are present in a given population. The database for this browser maintains annotations from many public sources such as NCBI and combines validated internal information on existing and new variations from the CGF. This browser is an integral part of the CGF's pipeline for automating assay design and validation of variations related to cancer studies. Ongoing development includes visual analysis from genotype data and additional information from other public resources.





Genewindow is split into two views, an overview that varies in size depending on the gene or genomic region being viewed and, below it, a sequence view displaying a 2000bp region within the overview. Switching the sequence view to display different regions within the overview is accomplished by clicking along the gene in the overview to zoom in and out. The overview displays alternate translations (light purple), current protein (purple), regions sequenced by the CGF (green), current gene (yellow), neighboring genes (brown), and polymorphisms color-coded based on CGF's assay status. The sequence view is similar except only the current protein is displayed. The vertical and diagonal lines between the two views indicate their spatial relationship. Both views illustrate contextual information that appears based on mouseing over objects. The far left bar is the menu where users can expand the genomic interval, access lists of features, find a sequence segment within the overview, or view the legend.

Polymorphism Detail

CGF ID: COMT-05 Variable CGF MAE: 0.40 dbSNP ID: E4833 dbSNP Avg. Hel.: 0.49 dbSNP Avg. Hel.: 0.49 dbSNP Avg. Hel.: 0.49 Ception Companies Compan

By moving the curser over nucleotides or variations, users can get genomic positions and IDs. In addition users can click for further information including links and frequencies. Administrators can also use this information panel to submit variations for sequencing and assay design.

Brian Staats | staatsb@mail.nih.gov Meredith Yeager | yeagerm@mail.nih.gov A segmented view (for conserving space) shows how variations are highlighted (circled) as a result of a user's query. Users can search by gene HUGO symbol, dbSNP id, CGF id, or by ranges such as a chromosome and NCBI NT contig intervals. Notice the overview is zoomed in by default and centered around the targeted variation.

The mission of the NCI-CGF is to provide quality high-throughput candidate gene SNP genotyping to NCI investigators for molecular epidemiological studies in cancer. Genewindow was developed in response to a need for a tool for use within the complicated workflow of the NCI-CGF. Faced with the need for a central mechanism to view and catalog thousands of SNPs within hundreds of genes, and to track all of the critical associated annotations, we developed Genewindow as an in-house solution. Within our laboratory, it is used not only as a tool for viewing SNPs at genes of interest, it has also been implemented to communicate with our Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS). Recognizing its usefulness and potential for application and/or implementation in it as a publicly available laboratories, we announce (http://genewindow.nci.nih.gov/). Genewindow is a unique tool that may be used by outside investigators in two key ways. First, it is an easy-to-navigate web-based tool that displays genomic annotations in a gene-centric fashion that may enhance decision making for the study of variations at candidate genes. Though there are many other free tools available, Genewindow's simple and easy-to-navigate interface is attractive to geneticists as well as non-geneticist users. Secondly, Genewindow will also be soon available to the open source community for implementation in other government and academic laboratories.

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